## Amendments to the Claims

4. 13 2

D(SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>1</sup>)<sub>n</sub>

- 1. (Original) A positive type red-colored photosensitive composition comprising a colorant, a photo active compound, a curing agent, a solvent and optionally an alkali-soluble resin, wherein the contents of the dye, photo active compound, curing agent and optional alkali-soluble resin are from 55 to 63 parts by weight, from 10 to 30 parts by weight, 10 to 25 parts by weight and 1 parts by weight or less, respectively, per 100 parts by weight of solid components of the photosensitive composition.
- 2. (Original) The positive type red-colored photosensitive composition according to claim 1, which contains no alkali-soluble resin.
- 3. (Currently amended) The positive type red-colored photosensitive composition according to <u>claim 1 or 2</u>, wherein said dye is a dye of the formula (IV) or its salt:

(IV)

wherein D is a basic residue of a dye selected from the group consisting of xanthene compound, azo compound and anthraquinone compound; n is an integer of 1 to 4; R<sup>1</sup> represents an aliphatic hydrocarbon group having 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a cyclohexyl group, an alkylcyclohexyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkyl group, an aliphatic alkoxyalkyl group having 3 to 24 carbon atoms which is substituted with an alkoxyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, an aliphatic ester group having 3 to 24 carbon atoms or an aryalkyl group having 7 to 20 carbon atoms, preferably an arylalkyl group having 7 to 20 carbon atoms having an aryl group selected from a phenyl group and a naphthyl group which may have a substituent, provided that when n is an integer of 2 to 4, substituents R<sup>1</sup> may be the same or different.

4. (Currently amended) The positive type red-colored photosensitive composition according to <u>claim 1 elaim 1 or 2</u>, wherein said dye is a dye of the formula (I) or its salt:

$$R^{10}$$
  $R^{11}$   $R^{12}$   $R^{12}$   $R^{13}$   $R^{12}$   $R^{15}$   $R^{15}$ 

wherein

R<sup>10</sup> to R<sup>13</sup> represent independently each other a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms; and

 $R^{14}$  to  $R^{16}$  represent independently each other a sulfonic acid group or a substituent of the formula (I-1), provided that at least one of  $R^{14}$  to  $R^{16}$  is a substituent of the formula (I-1):

$$-SO_2NHR^{17}$$
 (I-1)

where R<sup>17</sup> is an alkyl group having 2 to 20 carbon atoms, a cyclohexylalkyl group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms in the alkyl group, an alkylcyclohexyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkyl group, an alkyl group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms which is substituted with at least one alkoxyl group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms, an alkylcarboxyalkyl group of the formula (I-1-1):

$$L^{1}$$
-CO-O- $L^{2}$ - (I-1-1)

in which  $L^1$  is an alkyl group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms, and  $L^2$  is an alkylene group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms,

an alkyloxycarbonylalkyl group of the formula (I-1-2):

$$L^{3}$$
-O-CO- $L^{4}$ - (I-1-2)

in which  $L^3$  is an alkyl group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms, and  $L^4$  is an alkylene group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms,

a phenyl group substituted with at least one alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, or an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms substituted with at least one phenyl group.

5. (Currently amended) The positive type red-colored photosensitive composition according to <u>claim 1 elaim 1-or 2</u>, wherein said dye is a compound of the formula (10):

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C}_{4}\text{H}_{9} \left(\text{C}_{2}\text{H}_{5}\right) \text{CHCH}_{2}\text{NHO}_{2}\text{S} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{C}_{4}\text{H}_{9} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{H}_{3}\text{C} \\ \\ \text{NH}^{+} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{SO}_{2}\text{NHCH}_{2}\text{CH} \left(\text{C}_{2}\text{H}_{5}\right) \text{C}_{4}\text{H}_{9} \\ \\ \text{CH}_{3} \\ \\ \text{SO}_{3}^{-} \\ \end{array}$$

6. (Currently amended) The positive type red-colored photosensitive composition according to <u>claim 1</u> <u>elaim 1 or 2</u>, wherein said dye is at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a compound of the formula (II) or its salt, and a compound of the formula (III) or its salt:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{23} & R^{22} \\
R^{24} & N & N \\
R^{25} & CH_3
\end{array}$$
(II)

wherein R<sup>21</sup> and R<sup>22</sup> represent independently each other a hydroxyl group or a carboxyl group, and R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>23</sup>, R<sup>24</sup> and R<sup>25</sup> represent independently each other a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a sulfonic acid group or a nitro group.

wherein  $R^{30}$  represents an alkyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms,  $R^{31}$ ,  $R^{32}$  and  $R^{34}$  represent independently each other a hydrogen atom, a methyl atom, a hydroxyl group or a cyano group, and  $R^{33}$  represents an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

- 7. (Original) A color filter comprising pixels formed of a positive type red-colored photosensitive composition according to claim 1.
- 8. (Original) A solid state image pickup device comprising a color filter according to claim 7.